There are 5 different environments:

- The beach
- The seaward dune system
- The inland dune system
- The Devesa
- The Albufera

The beach, at the westernmost edge of the area, is protected by the gnarled form of the Mediterranean coastal scrubland characterized by the presence of the Aleppo pine (Pinus halepensis). This tree is a prominent feature of the life of the Devesa and the Albufera, presenting a flora and fauna adapted to living in a harsh environment.

The seaward dune system, also known as the littoral dunes, is a zone of great ecological and natural significance. It is characterized by the presence of shrubs and grasses, forming a dense cover that is home to many species of birds and insects.

The inland dune system, separated from the seaward dune system by the lagoon, is another important habitat. It is characterized by the presence of a wide range of plant species, including maritime grasses, and is home to many bird species.

The Devesa is a dune area on the Mediterranean coast of southern Spain. It is protected by the Catalan Government and is a key site for the conservation of many threatened species.

The Albufera, a large, shallow lake, is a key site for the conservation of many bird species, including the pink flamingo (Phoenicopterus roseus) and the great crested grebe (Podiceps cristatus).

From the 15th century onwards, many important buildings and monuments have been constructed in the area, including the Albufera lagoon, the Devesa, and the Albufera. The Albufera, which was previously a saltwater lagoon, has been converted into a freshwater lake.

Since 1927, both areas have belonged to Valencia City Council. The Devesa and the Albufera are now protected under the law, and the city has taken steps to conserve and protect the area.

The harsh environmental conditions known as abrasion and deflation are typical of this area. The harsh environment is characterized by strong winds, high temperatures, and low humidity, which create a severe stress on the plants and animals that live in the area.

The Albufera, with its complex of islands, canals, and lagoons, is a key site for the conservation of many bird species, including the pink flamingo and the great crested grebe. The area is home to a wide range of bird species, including many migratory species.

In the Devesa, the landscape and natural value of the Devesa, numerous actions have been developed to protect the area. At the same time, the dune slacks have been recovered by natural processes, with the help of the LIFE-Enebro Project. The fore dunes of the Devesa have been reconstructed for repopulation and achieving the respect and the collaboration of the public.